REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE GALLATIN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE GALLATIN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2014

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

We have issued an unmodified opinion, based on our audit, on the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of Gallatin County, Kentucky.

Financial Condition:

The Gallatin County Fiscal Court had total receipts of \$5,393,915 and disbursements of \$6,145,101 in fiscal year 2014. This resulted in a total ending fund balance of \$1,971,711, which is a decrease of 607,587 from the prior year.

Deposits:

The fiscal court deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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PROGRAM



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Kenneth McFarland, Gallatin County Judge/Executive
Members of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of Gallatin County, Kentucky, for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of a financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



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Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in more fully in Note 1, the financial statement is prepared by Gallatin County, Kentucky on the basis of the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of Gallatin County, Kentucky as of June 30, 2014, or changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the fund balances of Gallatin County, Kentucky as of June 30, 2014, and its cash receipts and disbursements, for the year then ended, in accordance with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government described in Note 1.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statement taken as a whole of Gallatin County, Kentucky. The budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statement, however they are required to be presented in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the Department for Local Government to demonstrate compliance with the Commonwealth of Kentucky's regulatory basis of accounting and budget laws. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement. The budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules and capital asset schedule are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
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Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated July 7, 2015 on our consideration of Gallatin County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

Auditor of Public Accounts

July 7, 2015

GALLATIN COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

Fiscal Court Members:

Kenneth McFarland County Judge/Executive

Dudley Gullion Magistrate
Joe Shinkle Magistrate
Jeff Wallace Magistrate
Eric Moore Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

John G. Wright County Attorney

Jerry Webb Jailer

Tracy Miles County Clerk

Josh Neale Sheriff

Ruth Middleton Property Valuation Administrator

Sue Legrand Coroner
Joe Mylor Surveyor

Pam McIntyre Circuit Court Clerk

Appointed Personnel:

Winslow Baker Planning & Zoning Administrator

Lesa Bullard County Treasurer

Lesa Bullard Occupational Tax Administrator

Jenni Hill Finance Officer

Jenni Hill Personnel/Payroll Officer

Mike Satchwell Road Supervisor
Chris Curtis 911 Administrator

Bobby Nunn Dog Warden

GALLATIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

GALLATIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

Budgeted Funds

	Buagetea runas				
	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund		
	<u> </u>	<u>ruiu</u>	ruiu		
RECEIPTS					
Taxes	\$ 1,730,185	\$	\$		
In Lieu Tax Payments	498,263	Ψ	Ψ		
Excess Fees	177,682				
Licenses and Permits	72,835				
Intergovernmental	345,054	781,843	98,700		
Charges for Services	17,066	5,152	6,402		
Miscellaneous	54,239	89,984	13		
Interest	701	2,074	13		
Total Receipts	2,896,025	879,053	105,115		
Total Receipts	2,890,023	679,033	103,113		
DISBURSEMENTS					
General Government	1,063,163				
Protection to Persons and Property	159,484		373,388		
General Health and Sanitation	64,041				
Social Services	48,261				
Recreation and Culture	7,000				
Roads		810,878			
Debt Service	346,275	81,294			
Capital Projects	371,451	350,520			
Administration	868,730	68,500	22,407		
Total Disbursements	2,928,405	1,311,192	395,795		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(32,380)	(432,139)	(290,680)		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)					
Lease Proceeds	30,208	98,200			
Transfers From Other Funds	82,878	98,200	276,000		
Transfers To Other Funds	(400,145)	(82,878)	270,000		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	(287,059)		276,000		
Total Other Adjustifients to Cash (Oses)	(287,039)	15,322	270,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(319,439)	(416,817)	(14,680)		
Fund Balance - Beginning	666,198	1,015,364	28,527		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 346,759	\$ 598,547	\$ 13,847		
Composition of Fund Rolands					
Composition of Fund Balance Bank Balance	\$ 319,723	\$ 415,547	\$ 13,847		
			Ф 15,647		
Less: Outstanding Checks	(131,824)				
Certificate of Deposits	158,860	183,200			

Fund Balance - Ending

346,759 \$

598,547 \$

13,847

GALLATIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Budgeted Funds Local Government 911 **Economic** State **Economic** Assistance Grant Ambulance Assistance 911 Wireless **Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund Fund** \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 47,454 17,584 103452 176,006 1,081,127 1,007 11,718 12,513 284 1,075 71 187,795 17,584 1,093,924 1,075 103,457 48,466 4,145 3,362 924,565 231,795 3,757 1,920 1,650 8,153 110,184 59,812 15,934 30,510 5,114 83,521 17,584 1,008,086 3,362 262,305 3,757 189,328 (1,533)85,838 (2,287)(213,839)99,700 15,191 10,000 193,145 (79,000)10,000 208,336 (79,000) (1,533)95,838 (2,287)(5,503)20,700 162,735 194,544 228,908 12,371 3,046 23 290,382 23,746 161,202 226,621 6,868 \$ 165,375 23 \$ 228,711 \$ 226,621 7,571 \$ 23,746 (703)(4,173)(3,781)65,452 161,202 23 290,382 226,621 23,746 \$ \$ \$ 6,868 \$

GALLATIN COUNTY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

Budgeted Funds		Unb	udgeted Funds	_		
	ourism Fund	AOC Fund		Courthouse enovation Fund		Total Funds
\$	34,935	\$	\$		\$	1,730,185 580,652 177,682 72,835
		24,197				1,546,836 1,109,747
	1,330	4				170,808
	26	927		2		5,170
	36,291	 25,128		2		5,393,915
	24,267 24,267 12,024	1,020 1,020 24,108				1,071,690 1,692,989 67,611 56,414 141,451 810,878 487,381 737,905 1,078,782 6,145,101 (751,186)
						143,599 562,023 (562,023) 143,599
	12,024	24,108		2		(607,587)
	56,701	 184,803		26,078		2,579,298
\$	68,725	\$ 208,911	\$	26,080	\$	1,971,711
\$	71,725 (3,000)	\$ 208,911	\$	26,080	\$	1,707,880 (143,681) 407,512
\$	68,725	\$ 208,911	\$	26,080	\$	1,971,711

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GALLATIN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

June 30, 2014

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statement of Gallatin County includes all budgeted and unbudgeted funds under the control of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court. Budgeted funds included within the reporting entity are those funds presented in the county's approved annual budget and reported on the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. Unbudgeted funds may include non-fiduciary financial activities that are within the county's control. Unbudgeted funds may also include any corporation to act as the fiscal court in the acquisition and financing of any public project which may be undertaken by the fiscal court pursuant to the provisions of Kentucky law and thus accomplish a public purpose of the fiscal court. The unbudgeted funds are not presented in the annual approved budget or in the quarterly reports submitted to the Department for Local Government.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statement is presented on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the <u>Government Accounting Standards Board</u>. This basis of accounting involves the reporting of fund balances and the changes therein resulting from cash inflows (cash receipts) and cash outflows (cash disbursements) to meet the financial reporting requirements of the Department for Local Government and the laws of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because the financial statement format does not include the GAAP presentations of government-wide and fund financial statements, cash receipts are recognized when received in cash rather than when earned and susceptible to accrual, and cash disbursements are recognized when paid rather than when incurred or subject to accrual.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

C. Basis of Presentation

Budgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following budgeted funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of receipts for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and disbursements separately from the General Fund.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grants and related disbursements. The primary sources of receipts for this fund are grants from the state and federal governments.

State Grant Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for grant monies received from both state and federal agencies. The funds may be used for completing major projects or specific operating expenses.

Ambulance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for ambulance services provided to the residents of Gallatin County. The primary source of receipts comes from ambulance services.

Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is a result of repayment of grant proceeds due to a company not meeting grant requirements. The Cabinet for Economic Development requires these funds to be used for economic development purposes that have prior approval of the Cabinet.

911 Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for Emergency 911 receipts and disbursements. The sole source of receipts for this fund is telephone tax.

911 Wireless Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for wireless 911 cellular receipts and disbursements. The sole source of receipts for this fund is 911 wireless receipts.

Tourism Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for tourism related expenses. The main source of receipts is a transient room tax.

AOC Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for courthouse related expenses. The sole source of receipts is the Administrative Office of the Courts.

Unbudgeted Funds

The fiscal court reports the following unbudgeted funds:

The Courthouse Renovation Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

D. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursement to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Budgetary Information (Continued)

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Courthouse Renovation Fund to be budgeted. The Courthouse Renovations Fund is presented as a capital projects fund. Capital projects funds are to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

E. Gallatin County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Gallatin County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statement of Gallatin County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

F. Deposits and Investments

The government's fund balance is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The government's fund balance includes cash and cash equivalents and investments.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

G. Long-term Obligations

The fund financial statement recognizes bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as disbursements. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as disbursements. Debt proceeds are reported as other adjustments to cash.

Note 2. Deposits

The fiscal court maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2014, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Transfers

The table below shows the interfund operating transfers for fiscal year 2014.

		911				
	General		Road	Wireless		Total
	Fund		Fund Fund		Transfers In	
General Fund	\$	\$	82,878	\$	\$	82,878
Jail Fund	276,000					276,000
Ambulance Fund	10,000					10,000
911 Fund	114,145			79,000		193,145
Total Transfers Out	\$ 400,145	\$	82,878	\$ 79,000	\$	562,023

Reason for transfers:

To move resources from and to the General Fund and other funds, for budgetary purposes, to the funds that will expend them.

Note 4. Long-term Debt

A. Mars Road

On May 27, 2004, Gallatin County entered into a twenty-five year lease with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$370,000 at a variable interest rate in order to finance the improvements of Mars Road so that it may be a part of the county road system. Payments of this debt are to be made by the property owners located on Mars Road. Payments are collected by Gallatin County and distributed to the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in order to meet the debt requirements. Interest is paid on a monthly basis and a principal payment is made annually until termination of the lease on July 20, 2029.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

A. Mars Road (Continued)

oal Interest Total
,000 \$ 15,047 \$ 25,047
,000 9,441 24,441
,000 8,795 23,795
,000 8,162 23,162
,000 7,520 22,520
,000 33,095 108,095
,911 14,637 120,548
96,697 \$ 347,608
0 5 5 5

B. Sugar Bay Road

On May 27, 2004, Gallatin County entered into a twenty-five year lease with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$160,000 at a variable interest rate in order to finance the improvements of Sugar Bay Road so that it may be a part of the county road system. Payments of this debt are to be made by the property owners located on Sugar Bay Road. Payments are collected by Gallatin County and distributed to the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in order to meet the debt requirements. Interest is paid on a monthly basis and a principal payment is made annually until termination of the lease on July 20, 2029.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	_ <u>P</u>	Principal		Interest		Total	
2015	\$	5,000	\$	3,225	\$	8,225	
2016		5,000		3,022		8,022	
2017		5,000		2,807		7,807	
2018		5,000		2,596		7,596	
2019		5,000		2,382		7,382	
2020-2024		25,000		8,766		33,766	
2025-2028		32,098		7,087		39,185	
			-	_	·	_	
Totals	\$	82,098	\$	29,885	\$	111,983	

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

C. Land-County Park and Fairgrounds

On September 15, 2005, Gallatin County entered into a twenty-year lease with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$820,000 at a variable interest rate in order to finance the acquisition of 155 acres of land for a county park and fairgrounds. Interest is paid on a monthly basis and a principal payment is made annually until termination of the lease on January 20, 2026.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	Principal		 Interest		Total	
2015	\$	35,000	\$ 23,325	\$	58,325	
2016		35,000	21,870		56,870	
2017		40,000	20,289		60,289	
2018		40,000	18,613		58,613	
2019		45,000	16,832		61,832	
2020-2024		260,000	53,660		313,660	
2025-2029		103,213	3,806		107,019	
				·		
Totals	\$	558,213	\$ 158,395	\$	716,608	

D. Courthouse Renovations

On June 30, 2006, Gallatin County entered into a twenty-one year lease with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$2,498,784 in order to finance the renovations of the Gallatin County Courthouse. The Courthouse will be subleased to the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) of the Commonwealth of Kentucky for use as court facilities. Under the sublease agreement, the financing obligation payments of the County are to be paid directly to the Trustee by AOC and the Fiscal Court is obligated to provide operation, maintenance, insurance and repair of the project. Interest is paid on a monthly basis and principal payments are paid on a semi-annual basis until termination of the lease on November 20, 2026. The rate in the lease was fixed at 4.49% through the use of an interest rate swap between the trustee and a third party financial institution. The trustee has the right to charge any costs associated with the interest rate swap to the Fiscal Court through additional future rentals.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the remaining term of the agreement, excluding any additional rentals resulting from the interest rate swap, are as follows:

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. Courthouse Renovations (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	I	Principal		Interest		Total	
2015	\$	105,198	\$	93,802	\$	199,000	
2016		110,460		88,540		199,000	
2017		116,427		82,573		199,000	
2018		122,568		76,432		199,000	
2019		129,140		69,860		199,000	
2020-2024		754,644		240,356		995,000	
2025-2027		558,659		38,341		597,000	
		_	-	_	-		
Totals	\$	1,897,096	\$	689,904	\$	2,587,000	

On June 28, 2007, Gallatin County entered into a twenty year lease with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$375,808 in order to further finance the renovations of the Gallatin County Courthouse. As above, the Courthouse will be subleased to the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) of the Commonwealth of Kentucky for use as court facilities. Under the sublease agreement, the financing obligation payments of the County are to be paid directly to the Trustee by AOC and the Fiscal Court is obligated to provide operation, maintenance, insurance and repair of the project. Interest is paid on a monthly basis and principal payments are paid on a semi-annual basis until termination of the lease on May 20, 2027. The rate in the lease was fixed at 5.157% through the use of an interest rate swap between the trustee and a third party financial institution. The trustee has the right to charge any costs associated with the interest rate swap to the Fiscal Court through additional future rentals.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the remaining term of the agreement, excluding any additional rentals resulting from the interest rate swap, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	Principal		I	Interest		Total	
		_				_	
2015	\$	15,878	\$	13,972	\$	29,850	
2016		16,697		13,153		29,850	
2017		17,564		12,286		29,850	
2018		18,472		11,378		29,850	
2019		19,430		10,420		29,850	
2020-2024		113,314		35,936		149,250	
2025-2027		83,177		36,223		119,400	
Totals	\$	284,532		133,368	\$	417,900	

On July 10, 2001, the Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC), which states that AOC agrees to pay 100% of the debt service requirements. The lease does not require the Fiscal Court to make any rental payments toward the project; however, the Fiscal Court is obligated to provide operation, maintenance, insurance and repair of the project.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. Courthouse Renovations (Continued)

The lease is secured by a security interest in any and all right, title and interest of the County in the Courthouse that constitute personal property and in all additions, attachments, accessions, and substitutions thereto, and any proceeds there from.

E. Carver Farms Subdivision Roads

On December 22, 2005, Gallatin County entered into a twenty-five year lease with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$79,000 at a variable interest rate in order to finance the construction of roads in the Carver Farms Subdivision so that they may be a part of the county road system. Payments of this debt are to be made by the property owners located in the Carver Farms Subdivision. Payments are collected by Gallatin County and distributed to the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in order to meet the debt requirements. Principal and interest are paid on a monthly basis until termination of the lease on December 20, 2030.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2015	\$	2,265	\$	2,754	\$	5,019	
2016		2,408		2,658		5,066	
2017		2,560		2,552		5,112	
2018		2,722		2,441		5,163	
2019		2,894		2,322		5,216	
2020-2024		17,446		9,566		27,012	
2025-2029		23,694		5,276		28,970	
2030-2031		7,147		480		7,627	
						_	
Totals	\$	61,136	\$	28,049	\$	89,185	

F. Creekside Subdivision Roads

On December 22, 2005, Gallatin County entered into a twenty-five year lease with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$157,000 at a variable interest rate in order to finance the construction of roads in the Creekside Subdivision so that they may be a part of the county road system. Payments of this debt are to be made by the property owners located in the Creekside Subdivision. Payments are collected by Gallatin County and distributed to the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in order to meet the debt requirements. Principal and interest are paid on a monthly basis until termination of the lease on December 20, 2030.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

F. Creekside Subdivision Roads (Continued)

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2015	\$	3,850	\$	3,936	\$	7,786
2016		4,093		3,772		7,865
2017		4,351		3,593		7,944
2018		4,624		3,406		8,030
2019		4,917		3,203		8,120
2020-2024		29,654		12,541		42,195
2025-2029		37,949		5,195		43,144
			·			
Totals	\$	89,438	\$	35,646	\$	125,084

G. Fire Truck #1

On May 2, 2007, Gallatin County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture for the purpose of assuming a loan acquired by the Gallatin County Fire Department in March 21, 2001 for a fire truck. The original principal amount was for \$239,263. The termination date of the agreement is March 21, 2021. The interest rate for the loan is fixed at 4.75%.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	_ <u>I</u>	Principal	I	Interest		Total	
2015	¢	17.004	¢	6 171	¢	22.569	
2015	\$	17,094	\$	6,474	\$	23,568	
2016		17,948		5,620		23,568	
2017		18,781		4,787		23,568	
2018		19,654		3,914		23,568	
2019		20,567		3,001		23,568	
2020-2021		44,044		3,092		47,136	
Totals	\$	138,088	\$	26,888	\$	164,976	

H. Fire Truck #2

On May 2, 2007, Gallatin County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture for the purpose of assuming a loan acquired by the Gallatin County Fire Department in March 21, 2001 for a fire truck. The original principal amount was \$136,161. The termination date of the agreement is March 21, 2021. The interest rate for the loan is fixed at 5.0%. The remaining principal of \$88,494 was paid off during the fiscal year.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

I. Scenic View Road

On September 4, 2007, Gallatin County entered into a twenty-five year lease with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$138,283 at a variable rate of interest in order to finance the construction of roads in Scenic View subdivision so that they may be part of the County road system. Payments of this debt are to be made by the property owners located in the Scenic View Subdivision. Payments are collected by Gallatin County and distributed to the Kentucky Association of Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in order to meet the debt requirements. Principal and interest are paid on a monthly basis until termination of the lease on September 20, 2032.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

June 30	Principal		I	Interest		Total	
2015	\$	3,623	\$	5,144	\$	8,767	
2016		3,852		4,991		8,843	
2017		4,095		4,822		8,917	
2018		4,354		4,643		8,997	
2019		4,632		4,449		9,081	
2020-2024		27,910		19,001		46,911	
2025-2029		37,897		12,138		50,035	
2030-2033		31,637		3,077		34,714	
Totals	\$	118,000	\$	58,265	\$	176,265	

J. Ambulance

On November 29, 2010, Gallatin County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Kansas State Bank for the purpose of securing a loan to purchase an ambulance. The original principal amount was \$84,788. The loan is for four years with payments of \$13,211 for principal and interest due on May 31 and November 30 of each year through November 30, 2013. The interest rate for the loan is fixed at 4.3%. The remaining principal of \$12,826 was paid off during the fiscal year.

K. Hillendale Road

On November 30, 2012, Gallatin County entered into a twenty-five year lease with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in the amount of \$85,000 at a variable rate of interest in order to finance the construction of roads in Hillendale subdivision so that they may be part of the County road system. Payments of this debt are to be made by the property owners located in the Hillendale Subdivision. Payments are collected by Gallatin County and distributed to the Kentucky Association of Leasing Trust (KACoLT) in order to meet the debt requirements. Principal and interest are paid on a monthly basis until termination of the lease on December 20, 2032.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

K. Hillendale Road (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	P	Principal		nterest	Total	
2015	\$		\$	2,818	\$	2,818
2016		2,500		2,818		5,318
2017		5,000		2,761		7,761
2018		5,000		2,649		7,649
2019		5,000		2,536		7,536
2020-2024		25,000		10,946		35,946
2025-2029		25,000		7,519		32,519
2030-2033		17,500		2,905		20,405
Totals	\$	85,000	\$	34,952	\$	119,952

L. Sheriff's Vehicles

On April 28, 2011, Gallatin County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Magnolia Bank for the purpose of securing a loan to purchase a vehicle for the Sheriff's office. The original principal amount was \$26,000. The agreement requires four annual interest and principal payments of \$6,910 and the agreement is to be paid in full by June 1, 2014. The remaining principal of \$6,675 was paid off during the fiscal year.

On May 20, 2013, Gallatin County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Magnolia Bank for the purpose of securing a loan to purchase a vehicle for the Sheriff's office. The original principal amount was \$24,150. The agreement requires four annual interest and principal payments of \$6,395 and the agreement is to be paid in full by June 1, 2016.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	In	terest	Total	
2015	\$	5,935	\$	460	\$	6,395
2016		6,170		224		6,394
Totals	\$	12,105	\$	684	\$	12,789

On May 8, 2014, Gallatin County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Magnolia Bank for the purpose of securing a loan to purchase a vehicle for the Sheriff's office. The original principal amount was \$30,208. The agreement requires four annual interest and principal payments of \$7,961 and the agreement is to be paid in full by June 1, 2017.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

L. Sheriff's Vehicles (Continued)

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2015	\$	7,175	\$	786	\$	7,961	
2016		7,435		526		7,961	
2017		7,703		258		7,961	
Totals	\$	22,313	\$	1,570	\$	23,883	

M. Road Equipment

On May 16, 2014, Gallatin County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Magnolia Bank for the purpose of securing a loan to purchase a backhoe and roller for the road department. The original principal amount was \$98,200. The agreement requires five annual interest and principal payments of \$21,287 and the agreement is to be paid in full by September 1, 2019.

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2015	\$	20,154	\$	1,133	\$	21,287
2016		18,460		2,827		21,287
2017		19,144		2,143		21,287
2018		19,853		1,434		21,287
2019		20,589		698		21,287
Totals	\$	98,200	\$	8,235	\$	106,435

N. 911 Recording Equipment

On July 15, 2013, Gallatin County Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with Fleetwood Leasing Equipment for the purpose of securing a loan to purchase 911 recording equipment for the dispatch. The original principal amount was \$15,191. The agreement requires five annual interest and principal payments of \$3,523 and the agreement is to be paid in full by July 15, 2018.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

N. 911 Recording Equipment (Continued)

Principal payment requirements and scheduled interest for the term of the agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2015 2016 2017	\$	2,590 2,797 3,020	\$	933 726 503	\$	3,523 3,523 3,523
2018		3,262		261		3,523
Totals	\$	11,669	\$	2,423	\$	14,092

O. Interest Rate Swaps

Some of the Fiscal Court's leases have been fixed through the use of interest rate swaps. The interest rate swaps are exchange agreements between the trustee and a third party financial institution, whereby the third party financial institution pays the trustee the variable rate interest within the swap (which is equivalent to the variable rate within the lease) and the Fiscal Court pays the fixed rate stated by the swap. Under the terms of lease agreements the trustee has the right to charge costs associated with the interest rate swap to the Fiscal Court through additional future rentals.

The swap becomes effective on the date that the County exercises its option to convert the variable interest rate in the lease to a fixed rate. The notional amount of the swap at that exercise date is equivalent to the then outstanding principal balance. The notional amount reduces over the term of the lease by the same amount as the principal payments on the lease, as they fall due. The swap terminates on the same date as the final principal payment is due on the respective lease.

The interest rate swaps in effect as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

the USD-BMA Municipal Swap Index.

			Notional	Settlement			
	Date Termination		Amount at	Amount at			
	Effective Date		June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014			
Courthouse Renovations - A	June 30, 2006	December 1, 2026	\$ 1,897,096	\$ 329,618			
Courthouse Renovations - B	June 28, 2007	June 1, 2027	\$ 284,532	\$ 45,325			
The settlement values above are calculated using the zero-coupon rate and are considered by the Fiscal Court							
to represent the fair value of the i	nterest rate swaps	at June 30, 2014. The va	ariable rate on all of	the swaps is			

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

O. Interest Rate Swaps (Continued)

The swaps expose the Fiscal Court to the following risks that could give rise to additional rentals:

Credit risk: Credit risk is the risk that the third party financial institution will not fulfill its obligations to pay the variable rate interest. All third party financial institutions party to the interest rate swaps have S&P credit quality ratings of AA-. The value of the transaction to the Fiscal Court depends upon the third party financial institutions maintaining their perceived creditworthiness in the municipal marketplace and fulfilling their obligations under the interest rate swap agreements. Should the third party financial institutions fail to fulfill their obligations the Fiscal Court will be required to pay additional rentals for any costs associated with terminating the swap agreement, plus the costs of entering into an interest rate swap agreement with an alternative financial institution. Should an alternative agreement not be available, the Fiscal Court would be required to make payments at the variable interest rate contained within the lease.

Basis risk: Basis risk is a term used to refer to a mismatch in the source of the variable interest rates in the lease agreement and the swap agreement. When an agency uses an interest rate swap agreement in conjunction with a variable rate debt instrument, the variable rate index used to calculate the payments due under the swap agreement (in this case, the USD-BMA Municipal Swap Index) may not match the rate at which the variable rate debt is remarketed (the interest rate on KACoLT's variable rate bonds, which is reset on a daily basis). This mismatch could potentially be magnified if KACoLT were to administer the program in such a way that the underlying bonds were determined to be taxable obligations, which would be considered an event of default according to the terms of the letter of credit agreement.

Termination risk: Termination risk is the risk that a derivative's unscheduled end will affect the Fiscal Court's asset/liability strategy or will present the Fiscal Court with potentially significant unscheduled termination payments to the trustee. For example, the Fiscal Court relies on the interest rate swaps to insulate it from the possibility of increasing interest rate payments. If the swap has an unscheduled termination, that benefit would not be available. The Fiscal Court would also be required to pay any costs associated with terminating the swap agreement.

Market access risk: Market-access risk is the risk that the Fiscal Court will not be able to enter credit markets or that credit will become more costly. If the Fiscal Court is required to pay additional rentals or be required to pay higher variable rates, the Fiscal Court's credit rating could suffer and additional debt could become more expensive and more difficult to sell. The Fiscal Court may also be required to pay additional rentals for fees relating to any letters of credit being used to collateralize the interest rate swaps. Furthermore, if interest rates in the municipal bond market were to decrease and the Fiscal Court wanted to refinance the debt at a lower interest rate, the Fiscal Court would first have to terminate the swap agreement. When interest rate swap agreements are terminated prior to the contract's maturity, one party to the agreement will owe the other party a termination payment that reflects the value of the swap under current market conditions. It is likely that if rates have decreased to the extent that the Fiscal Court would want to refinance the debt, the Fiscal Court would be the party that would have to make a termination payment. The use of the interest rate swap agreement may limit the Fiscal Court's flexibility in managing the lease obligations going forward.

Note 4. Long-term Debt (Continued)

P. Changes In Long-term Debt

Long-term Debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2014, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Financing Obligations	\$ 3,881,123	\$ 143,599	\$ 315,923	\$ 3,708,799	\$ 234,503
Total Long-term Debt	\$ 3,881,123	\$ 143,599	\$ 315,923	\$ 3,708,799	\$ 234,503

Note 5. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 18.89 percent.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 35.70 percent.

The county's contribution for FY 2012 was \$291,514, FY 2013 was \$304,654, and FY 2014 was \$312,166.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

Note 5. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

CERS also provides post retirement health care coverage as follows:

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member through
Years of Service	% paid by Insurance Fund	Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

Hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn fifteen dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount. Upon the death of a hazardous employee, such employee's spouse receives ten dollars per month for insurance benefits for each year of the deceased employee's hazardous service. This dollar amount is subject to adjustment annually based on the retiree cost of living adjustment, which is updated annually due to changes in the Consumer Price Index.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 6. Deferred Compensation

On July 15, 1999, the Gallatin County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permits all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

Note 7. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, Gallatin County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

GALLATIN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

GALLATIN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

GENERAL FU

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
RECEIPTS			_				
Taxes	\$	1,576,000	\$ 1,720,220	\$	1,730,185	\$	9,965
In Lieu Tax Payments		491,000	498,262		498,263		1
Excess Fees		3,000	177,682		177,682		
Licenses and Permits		69,000	71,305		72,835		1,530
Intergovernmental		135,350	135,350		345,054		209,704
Charges for Services		13,000	13,000		17,066		4,066
Miscellaneous		15,600	55,785		54,239		(1,546)
Interest		400	400		701		301
Total Receipts		2,303,350	2,672,004		2,896,025		224,021
DISBURSEMENTS							
General Government		851,534	1,083,170		1,063,163		20,007
Protection to Persons and Property		120,354	168,677		159,484		9,193
General Health and Sanitation		66,907	67,507		64,041		3,466
Social Services		56,460	57,306		48,261		9,045
Recreation and Culture		7,000	7,000		7,000		
Debt Service		37,211	117,425		346,275		(228,850)
Capital Projects		525,000	371,451		371,451		, , ,
Administration		877,210	1,012,076		868,730		143,346
Total Disbursements		2,541,676	2,884,612		2,928,405		(43,793)
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(238,326)	(212,608)		(32,380)		180,228
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)							
Lease Proceeds					30,208		30,208
Transfers From Other Funds		82,878	82,878		82,878		
Transfers To Other Funds		(426,550)	(426,550)		(400,145)		26,405
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(343,672)	 (343,672)		(287,059)		26,405
Net Change in Fund Balance		(581,998)	(556,280)		(319,439)		236,841
Fund Balance Beginning		581,998	 581,998		666,198		84,200
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$ 25,718	\$	346,759	\$	321,041

GALLATIN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2014 (Continued)

		ROAD FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive				
		Original		Final		Basis)	(N	legative)	
RECEIPTS									
Intergovernmental	\$	781,296	\$	791,248	\$	781,843	\$	(9,405)	
Charges for Services		500		500		5,152		4,652	
Miscellaneous		55,600		81,342		89,984		8,642	
Interest		2,100		2,100		2,074		(26)	
Total Receipts		839,496		875,190		879,053		3,863	
DISBURSEMENTS									
Roads		873,000		714,156		810,878		(96,722)	
Debt Service		55,000		88,107		81,294		6,813	
Capital Projects		177,345		350,520		350,520			
Administration		75,226		72,600		68,500		4,100	
Total Disbursements		1,180,571		1,225,383		1,311,192		(85,809)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other									
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(341,075)		(350,193)		(432,139)		(81,946)	
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)									
Lease Proceeds						98,200		98,200	
Transfers To Other Funds		(82,878)		(82,878)		(82,878)			
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(82,878)		(82,878)		15,322		98,200	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(423,953)		(433,071)		(416,817)		16,254	
Fund Balance Beginning		423,953		423,953		1,015,364		591,411	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(9,118)	\$	598,547	\$	607,665	

	JAIL FUND									
		Budgeted Original	eted Amounts Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)		
RECEIPTS		 								
Intergovernmental	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	98,700	\$	(1,300)		
Miscellaneous		500		500		6,402		5,902		
Interest		20		20		13		(7)		
Total Receipts		100,520		100,520		105,115		4,595		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		440,457		440,667		373,388		67,279		
Administration		29,668		29,458		22,407		7,051		
Total Disbursements		470,125		470,125		395,795		74,330		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(369,605)		(369,605)		(290,680)		78,925		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Transfers From Other Funds		343,405		343,405		276,000		(67,405)		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		343,405		343,405		276,000		(67,405)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(26,200)		(26,200)		(14,680)		11,520		
Fund Balance Beginning		26,200		26,200		28,527		2,327		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	13,847	\$	13,847		

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
RECEIPTS						
Intergovernmental	\$ 154,528	\$	154,528	\$ 176,006	\$	21,478
Miscellaneous	100		10,568	11,718		1,150
Interest	 20		20	 71		51
Total Receipts	 154,648		165,116	 187,795		22,679
DISBURSEMENTS						
General Government			5,000	4,145		855
General Health and Sanitation	2,500		2,500	1,920		580
Social Services	2,000		8,610	8,153		457
Recreation and Culture	172,028		163,383	110,184		53,199
Debt Service	61,000		71,468	59,812		11,656
Administration	15,770		12,805	5,114		7,691
Total Disbursements	 253,298		263,766	189,328		74,438
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other						
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (98,650)		(98,650)	(1,533)		97,117
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance Beginning	(98,650) 98,650		(98,650) 98,650	(1,533) 162,735		97,117 64,085
гина вамисе ведининд	 90,030		98,030	 102,733	-	04,065
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 161,202	\$	161,202

	STATE GRANT FUND								
		Budgeted Original	l Amo	ounts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
RECEIPTS						· ·			
Intergovernmental	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	17,584	\$	(132,416)	
Total Receipts		150,000		150,000		17,584		(132,416)	
DISBURSEMENTS									
General Health and Sanitation						1,650		(1,650)	
Capital Projects		150,000		150,000		15,934		134,066	
Total Disbursements		150,000		150,000		17,584		132,416	
Net Change in Fund Balance									
Fund Balance Beginning						23		23	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	23	\$	23	

	AMBULANCE FUND									
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
RECEIPTS										
Intergovernmental	\$	10,000	\$	10,000			\$	(10,000)		
Charges for Services		953,000		953,000		1,081,127		128,127		
Miscellaneous		100		10,100		12,513		2,413		
Interest		70		70		284		214		
Total Receipts		963,170		973,170		1,093,924		120,754		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		948,800		978,985		924,565		54,420		
Administration		109,000		88,815		83,521		5,294		
Total Disbursements		1,057,800		1,067,800		1,008,086		59,714		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(94,630)		(94,630)		85,838		180,468		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Transfers From Other Funds		10,000		10,000		10,000				
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		10,000		10,000		10,000				
Net Change in Fund Balance		(84,630)		(84,630)		95,838		180,468		
Fund Balance Beginning		84,630		84,630		194,544		109,914		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	290,382	\$	290,382		

	 ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND									
	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive			
	 Original Final			Basis)		Negative)				
RECEIPTS	 									
Interest	\$ 1,500	\$	1,500	\$	1,075	\$	(425)			
Total Receipts	1,500		1,500		1,075		(425)			
DISBURSEMENTS										
General Government	43,000		43,000		3,362		39,638			
Administration	183,500		183,500				183,500			
Total Disbursements	226,500		226,500		3,362		223,138			
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over										
Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (225,000)		(225,000)		(2,287)		222,713			
Net Change in Fund Balance	(225,000)		(225,000)		(2,287)		222,713			
Fund Balance Beginning	 225,000		225,000		228,908		3,908			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	226,621	\$	226,621			

	911 FUND									
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Vegative)			
RECEIPTS						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
In Lieu Tax Payments	\$	47,000	\$	47,000	\$	47,454	\$	454		
Miscellaneous		100		100		1,007		907		
Interest		5		5		5				
Total Receipts		47,105		47,105		48,466		1,361		
DISBURSEMENTS										
Protection to Persons and Property		198,750		219,149		231,795		(12,646)		
Administration		34,500		30,701		30,510		191		
Total Disbursements		233,250		249,850		262,305		(12,455)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(186,145)		(202,745)		(213,839)		(11,094)		
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)										
Lease Proceeds						15,191		15,191		
Transfers From Other Funds		183,145		183,145		193,145		10,000		
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		183,145		183,145		208,336		25,191		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,000)		(19,600)		(5,503)		14,097		
Fund Balance Beginning		3,000		3,000		12,371		9,371		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(16,600)	\$	6,868	\$	23,468		

Fund Balance Beginning

Fund Balance - Ending

				911 WIRE	LESS	S FUND		
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		ance with al Budget ositive egative)
RECEIPTS		Originar		T HILL		Dusis)		egauve)
Intergovernmental	\$	94,000	\$	94,000	\$	103,452	\$	9,452
Interest		10		10		5		(5)
Total Receipts		94,010		94,010		103,457		9,447
DISBURSEMENTS								
Protection to Persons and Property		11,000		11,000		3,757		7,243
Total Disbursements		11,000		11,000		3,757	-	7,243
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other								
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		83,010		83,010		99,700		16,690
Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)								
Transfers To Other Funds		(110,000)		(110,000)		(79,000)		31,000
Total Other Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(110,000)		(110,000)		(79,000)		31,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		(26,990)		(26,990)		20,700		47,690

26,990

26,990

0 \$

3,046

23,746 \$

(23,944)

23,746

			TOURI	SM F	UND		
	Budgeted Original	. Amo	unts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, sudgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
RECEIPTS							
In Lieu Tax Payments	\$ 26,000	\$	26,000	\$	34,935	\$	8,935
Miscellaneous	100		100		1,330		1,230
Interest	 15		15		26		11
Total Receipts	 26,115		26,115		36,291		10,176
DISBURSEMENTS							
Recreation and Culture	58,380		58,380		24,267		34,113
Administration	50		50				50
Total Disbursements	58,430		58,430		24,267		34,163
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other							
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)	 (32,315)		(32,315)		12,024		44,339
Net Change in Fund Balance	(32,315)		(32,315)		12,024		44,339
Fund Balance Beginning	 32,315		32,315		56,701		24,386
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	68,725	\$	68,725

	AOC FUND									
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive		
		Original		Final		Basis)	[]	Negative)		
RECEIPTS								_		
Intergovernmental	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	24,197	\$	(803)		
Miscellaneous						4		4		
Interest		600		600		927		327		
Total Receipts		25,600		25,600		25,128		(472)		
DISBURSEMENTS										
General Government		125,600		125,600		1,020		124,580		
Total Disbursements		125,600		125,600		1,020		124,580		
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements Before Other										
Adjustments to Cash (Uses)		(100,000)		(100,000)		24,108		124,108		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(100,000)		(100,000)		24,108		124,108		
Fund Balance Beginning		100,000		100,000		184,803		84,803		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	208,911	\$	208,911		

GALLATIN COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

June 30, 2014

Note 1. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a regulatory basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as established by the Government Accounting Standards Board and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed disbursements to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Disbursements may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 2. Excess of Disbursements Over Appropriations

Debt Service disbursements in the General Fund exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$228,850 due to Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) lease payments.

Roads disbursements in the Road Fund exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$96,722 due to purchase of equipment through lease proceeds.

General Health and Sanitation disbursements in the State Grant Fund exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$1.650.

Protection to Persons and Property disbursements in 911 Fund exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$12,646 due to purchase of equipment through lease proceeds.

GALLATIN COUNTY SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

GALLATIN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS Supplementary Information - Regulatory Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2014

The fiscal court reports the following schedule of capital assets:

	Beginning					
	Balance					Ending
	(Restated)	A	dditions	D	eletions	Balance
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 1,315,000	\$		\$		\$ 1,315,000
Construction In Progress	64,154				64,154	
Buildings	4,213,635		229,053			4,442,688
Vehicles	1,630,404		117,643			1,748,047
Equipment	783,730		123,200			906,930
Infrastructure	3,636,652		434,345			4,070,997
Total Capital Assets	\$ 11,643,575	\$	904,241	\$	64,154	\$12,483,662

GALLATIN COUNTY NOTES TO REGULATORY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS

June 30, 2014

Note 1. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported as other information. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life
	Tl	nreshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75
Equipment	\$	5,000	3-25
Vehicles	\$	5,000	5-15
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	2-40

Note 2. Prior Period Adjustments

Capital Assets was increased by \$51,657, due to errors in the prior year.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable Kenneth McFarland, Gallatin County Judge/Executive Members of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Statement of Receipts, Disbursements, and Changes in Fund Balances - Regulatory Basis of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statement and have issued our report thereon dated July 7, 2015. The Fiscal Court's financial statement is prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a special purpose framework.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statement, we considered Gallatin County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Gallatin County Fiscal Court's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Gallatin County Fiscal Court's financial statement is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

Auditor of Public Accounts

July 7, 2015

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

GALLATIN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

${\tt LOCAL\ GOVERNMENT\ ECONOMIC\ ASSISTANCE\ AND\ DEVELOPMENT\ PROGRAM}$

GALLATIN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The Gallatin County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance and Development Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

County Treasurer